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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/730,417	12/08/2003	Douglas W. Sullivan	CH03001	2497
39047 MACHETTA	7590 11/06/2007 LAW FIRM, P.C		EXAMINER HENDRICKSON, STUART L	
14614 FALLI	NG CREEK DRIVE			
HOUSTON, T	X 77068		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/06/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/730,417	SULLIVAN, DOUGLAS W.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Stuart Hendrickson	1793				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHICHEVER IS - Extensions of time m after SIX (6) MONTH - If NO period for reply - Failure to reply within Any reply received b	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA hay be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 is from the mailing date of this communication. It is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by the Office later than three months after the mailing indijustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONED	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsiv	re to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Se</u>	eptember 2007.	•				
2a)⊠ This action	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) Since this	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Clair	ms	•					
<u> </u>							
	4) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
•	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
·	is/are objected to.						
· · · · · ·	are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers							
_		•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U	S C & 110						
-			. (4) (5)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application 146. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage.							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	•						
Attachment(s)							
Attachment(s) 1) ⊠ Notice of Reference	es Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsper	son's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	nte				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							
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The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-7, 9-15, 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pietzka et al.

The reference teaches, especially in columns 2, 4 and 6, heating petroleum residue, devolatilizing, and coking. The temperature and pressure overlaps the claimed ranges. The reference does not teach the time of treatment, this is deemed an obvious expedient to achieve the desired degree of carbonization/coking; In re Boesch 205 USPQ 215.

Figure 2 depicts removing material from the bottom. Concerning claim 3, the back blades clean after the front blades push. In any event, having a system to remove the product is an obvious expedient for complete product recovery. Claim 1g is met in that the product must cool at some point, such as during packaging prior to shipment. Claim 5 is obvious as an inexpensive way to perform cooling; note the coke is exposed to air in fig. 2. Claim 6 is an obvious expedient to permit easy pumping of the product for processing.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 18, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maa et al. 20020038778.

The reference teaches, especially in paragraphs 15 and 23, essentially the claimed invention, differing in not teaching the cooling temperature. The overlapping numerical ranges (time, pressure, reactor temperature) render the claims unpatentable. In re Malagari 182 USPQ 549. Cooling the coke to the claimed temperatures is an obvious expedient to avoid further reaction s (coking, gasification) and to prepare the coke for shipping.

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Claims 8 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references above as applied to claims rejected above, and further in view of Tsukihara 5715328.

The above references do not teach water cooling, however Tsukihara does in coke treating processes. Using the water cooling in the above processes is an obvious expedient to cool the coke to prevent further reaction (gasification) and to prepare it for shipping.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The drawing added and corresponding amendments to the specification are new matter.

Applicant's arguments filed 9/8/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

It is noted that the petroleum reference is mostly devoted to delayed coking. Is the present case to delayed coking? If not, what kind of coking is it? Is the pusher of the new figure old and known? Spec. para. 26 is noted- the last sentence seems to contradict the first sentence- The processes ARE related to petroleum coking. The reactor portion of Pietzka is horizontal. The stated purpose of the blades (transporting) does not detract from the fact that they push and knead, nor does the rationale for the time of reaction. The claims do not exclude formation of shot coke, nor exclude the heating scheme of Pietzka. It appears that additional references about coking should be supplied.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to examiner Hendrickson at telephone number (571) 272-1351.

Stuart Hendrickson examiner Art Unit 1754